## Assignment-3

(Concepts covered till now: Localisation, Integral extensions, Going up and Going down theorem )

Notation : A and B are commutative rings with identity and all modules under considerations are A-modules.  $S \subset A$  is a multiplicatively closed subset

(1) Prove the following:

- 1. There exists a unique isomorphism  $S^{-1}M \otimes_{S^{-1}A} S^{-1}N \to S^{-1}(M \otimes_A N)$ given by  $\frac{m}{s} \otimes \frac{n}{t} \mapsto \frac{m \otimes n}{st}$
- 2.  $S^{-1}(\mathfrak{r}(\mathfrak{a})) = \mathfrak{r}(S^{-1}\mathfrak{a})$

(2) Show that if  $f : A \to B$  is a ring homomorphism and  $\mathfrak{p} \subset A$  is a prime ideal then  $\mathfrak{p}$  is a contraction ideal  $\iff \mathfrak{p} = \mathfrak{p}^{ec}$ .

(3) Suppose  $\phi : M \to N$  is a A-module homomorphism. The following are equivalent

- 1.  $\phi$  is surjective
- 2.  $\phi_{\mathfrak{p}}: M_{\mathfrak{p}} \to N_{\mathfrak{p}}$  is surjective for all  $\mathfrak{p} \in \text{Spec}(A)$ .
- 3.  $\phi_{\mathfrak{m}}: M_{\mathfrak{m}} \to N_{\mathfrak{m}}$  is surjective for all  $\mathfrak{m} \in \max$ -Spec(A).

(4) If A is integrally closed domain, then show that  $A[x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n]$  is integrally closed.

(5) State the Going up theorem. Which extra hypotheses is required on rings A and B so that going down theorem will hold? Give an example to show that these extra hypotheses are must otherwise the going down theorem need not be true.

(6) Prove that the integral closure of  $\mathbb{Z}$  in  $\mathbb{Q}(i)$  is  $\mathbb{Z}[i]$ .

(7) Show that the following are equivalent:

- 1. M is a flat A- module
- 2.  $M_{\mathfrak{p}}$  is a flat  $A_{\mathfrak{p}}$ -module for all prime ideals  $\mathfrak{p} \subset A$ .
- 3.  $M_{\mathfrak{m}}$  is a flat  $A_{\mathfrak{m}}$ -module for all maximal ideals  $\mathfrak{m} \subset A$ .

(8) Let  $A := K[X^3, X^2Y, Y^3] \subseteq B := K[X, Y]$ . Answer the following

1. Give one maximal ideal of A

- 2. What is integral closure of A in B? Is B/A an integral extension?
- 3. What is the field of fractions of A?
- 4. Is  $X \in F.O.F(A)$ ?
- 5. Give an example of an element of B that is integral over  $\langle X^3, X^2Y, Y^3 \rangle$ .