## Assignemnt 5

1 Assuming triangle inequality (i.e.  $|x + y| \le |x| + |y|$ ) show that for any two real numbers x, y

$$|x|-|y|\leq |x-y|$$

Give examples to show that the inequality can be strict.

2  $\lim_{x\to a} f(x) = \ell$  and  $\lim_{x\to a} g(x) = m$ . Show that

$$\lim_{x\to a} (f(x) \cdot g(x)) = \ell \cdot m$$

- 3 Give an example of a function  $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  and  $a \in \mathbb{R}$  such that  $\lim_{x \to a} f(x)$  exists but is not equal to f(a).
- 4 Show

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^5 + 27x^2 + 3}{x^{10} + 1} = \frac{35}{11}$$

You may use theorems discussed in class, provided you clearly state them.